SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR PROVIDING AUTOMATIC 3D LESION SEGMENTATION AND MEASUREMENTS

Abstract of the Disclosure

Systems and methods are provided for automatic 3D segmentation of abnormal

anatomical structures such as colonic polyps, aneurisms or lung nodules, etc., in 3D

medical imaging applications. For example, systems and methods for 3D lesion

segmentation implement a centroid-based coordinate transformation (e.g., spherical

transformation, ellipsoidal transformation, etc.) to transform a 3D surface of the lesion

from an original volume space into, e.g., a spherical or ellipsoidal coordinate space,

followed by interpolation of the transformed lesion surface to enable accurate

determination of a boundary between a lesion and surrounding normal structures.